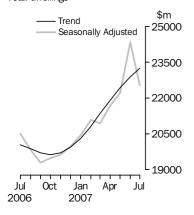


# **HOUSING FINANCE**

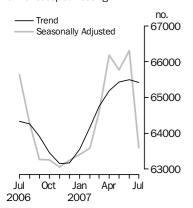
AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) MON 10 SEP 2007

#### Value of dwelling commitments Total dwellings



#### Number of dwelling commitments Owner occupied housing



#### INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Michael Abbondante on Canberra (02) 6252 6707.

### KEY FIGURES

	Tren	d estimates	Seasonally adjusted estimates			
	Jul 2007	Jun 2007 to Jul 2007	Jul 2007	Jun 2007 to Jul 2007		
Value of dwelling commitments(a)	\$m	% change	\$m	% change		
Total dwellings	23 249	1.6	22 537	-7.4		
Owner occupied housing	15 673	0.9	15 086	-7.7		
Investment housing - fixed loans(b)	7 576	3.0	7 451	-6.8		
Number of dwelling commitments(a)	no.	% change	no.	% change		
Owner occupied housing	65 427	-0.1	63 599	-4.1		
Construction of dwellings	4 535	-0.1	4 481	-3.3		
Purchase of new dwellings	3 106	1.1	3 102	-1.3		
Purchase of established dwellings	57 786	-0.2	56 016	-4.3		

(a) Includes refinancing.(b) Excludes revolving credit.

### KEY POINTS

#### TREND ESTIMATES

#### JULY 2007 COMPARED WITH JUNE 2007:

- Total value of dwelling finance commitments excluding alterations and additions increased by 1.6%. The value of owner occupied housing commitments increased by 0.9%, while the value of investment housing commitments increased by 3.0%.
- The number of commitments for owner occupied housing finance decreased by 0.1%, while the number excluding refinancing increased by 0.6%.

#### SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

#### JULY 2007 COMPARED WITH JUNE 2007:

- Total value of dwelling finance commitments excluding alterations and additions decreased 7.4%. Owner occupied housing commitments decreased 7.7%, and investment housing commitments decreased 6.8%.
- The number of commitments for owner occupied housing finance decreased by 4.1%, and the number excluding refinancing decreased by 3.4%.

#### ORIGINAL ESTIMATES

- The number of first home buyer commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments increased from 16.7% in June 2007 to 17.4% in July 2007.
- The number of fixed rate loan commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments decreased from 17.0% in June 2007 to 14.8% in July 2007.

# NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
	August 2007	10 October 2007
	September 2007	7 November 2007
	October 2007	10 December 2007
	November 2007	16 January 2008
	December 2007	11 February 2008
	January 2008	11 March 2008
	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
REVISIONS	Revisions were made to in	nclude the latest available administrative and survey data.
ABBREVIATIONS	\$m million dollars	
	ABS Australian Bureau	of Statistics
	ADI Authorised Depos	sit-taking Institution
	APRA Australian Pruden	tial Regulation Authority
	n.e.c. not elsewhere cla	ssified
	RFC Registered Financ	ial Corporation

Brian Pink Australian Statistician

### CONTENTS

ANALYSIS	
	Summary of Findings
TABLES	
	<b>1</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose:
	Australia, (Number and Value)
	<b>2</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose:
	Australia, (Percentage Change)
	<b>3</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Lender:
	Australia, (Number and Value)
	4 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Lender:
	Australia, (Percentage Change)
	<b>5</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By State and
	Territory, (Number)
	<b>6</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By State and
	Territory, (Percentage Change)
	7 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By State and
	Territory, (Value)
	8 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and
	Change in Stock: Australia, Original, (Value)
	<b>9</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), First Home
	Buyers and Fixed Loans: Australia, Original
	<b>10</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose:
	State and Territory, Original
	<b>11</b> Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation and Investment
	Housing), By Purpose: Australia, (Value)
	<b>12</b> Housing Loan Outstandings to Households (Owner Occupation and
	Investment Housing), By Lender: Australia, (Value)
	What If? Revisions to Trend Estimates

Explanatory Notes	 	22
Glossary	 	27

### TIME SERIES SPREADSHEETS

TIME SERIES DATA

Data available free on the ABS web site <http://www.abs.gov.au>.

#### Tables available are:

- longer time series of tables in this publication
- the following tables, from October 1975
  - 8 Housing finance commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and Change in Stock: State and Territory, Original (\$'000)
  - 13a Housing finance commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and Lender: Australia, Original (Number)
  - 13b Housing finance commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and Lender: Australia, Original (\$'000)
  - 13c Housing finance commitments, By Purpose and Lender: Australia, Original (Average Loan Size – \$'000)
  - 14 Housing Finance Seasonal Factors and Forward Factors for 12 months, By Purpose and Lender: Australia
  - 15 Housing Finance Seasonal Factors and Forward Factors for 12 months, By State and Territory

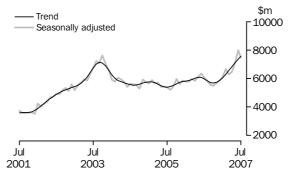
# DWELLINGS FINANCED

Value of Dwellings Financed The total value of dwelling commitments excluding alterations and additions (seasonally adjusted) decreased 7.4% in July 2007 compared with June 2007. The trend series for total value of dwelling finance commitments increased by 1.6% in July 2007.

The total value of owner occupied housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) fell by 7.7% (down \$1,250m) in July 2007, following a 7.7% rise in June 2007. The decrease this month was due to a fall in purchase of established dwellings excluding refinancing (down \$764m, 7.4%), refinancing of established dwellings (down \$330m, 8.5%), purchase of new dwellings (down \$90m, 9.7%), and construction of dwellings (down \$67m, 5.8%). The trend series in the value of owner occupied commitments increased by 0.9% in July 2007.

The total value of investment housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) decreased by 6.8% (down \$548m) in July 2007 compared with June 2007, following an increase of 13.7% in June 2007. The decrease this month was due to a fall in purchase of dwellings by individuals for rent or resale (down \$351m, 5.5%), purchase of dwellings by others for rent or resale (down \$125m, 10.9%) and construction of dwellings for rent or resale (down \$72m, 14.4%). The trend series in total value of investment housing commitments increased by 3.0% in July 2007.

INVESTMENT HOUSING - TOTAL



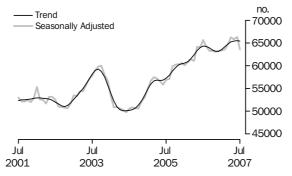
Number of Owner Occupied Dwellings Financed The number of owner occupied housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) decreased by 4.1% (down 2,711) in July 2007 compared with June 2007, following an increase of 0.8% in June 2007. Decreases were recorded in purchase of established dwellings excluding refinancing (down 1,436, 3.6%), refinancing of established dwellings (down 1,081, 5.9%), construction of dwellings (down 153, 3.3%) and purchase of new dwellings (down 41, 1.3%). The number of owner occupied housing commitments (trend) decreased 0.1% in July 2007.

The number of owner occupied housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) decreased in July 2007 compared with June 2007 in Victoria (down 891, 6.0%), Queensland (down 609, 4.0%), New South Wales (down 465, 2.5%), South Australia (down 374, 6.9%), Western Australia (down 256, 2.9%), Tasmania (down 22, 1.7%) and the Australian Capital Territory (down 12, 1.3%). An increase was recorded in the Northern Territory (up 3, 0.6%). The trend estimates decreased in New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland and South Australia, while all other states and territories recorded increases.

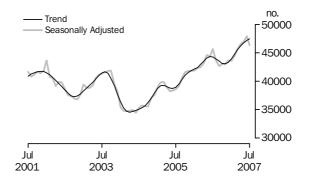
### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS continued

Number of Owner Occupied Dwellings Financed continued In original terms, the number of first home buyer commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments increased from 16.7% in June 2007 to 17.4% in July 2007. The number of fixed rate loan commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments fell from 17.0% in June 2007 to 14.8% in July 2007. The average loan size for owner occupied housing commitments fell from \$244,600 in June 2007 to \$239,700 in July 2007.

#### NUMBER OF OWNER OCCUPIED DWELLINGS FINANCED

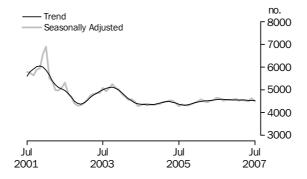


Number of Owner Occupied Dwellings Financed Excluding Refinancing The number of owner occupied housing commitments excluding refinancing (seasonally adjusted) decreased by 3.4% in July 2007 compared with June 2007, following an increase of 2.1% in June 2007. The trend rose 0.6% in July 2007, the ninth consecutive monthly increase.



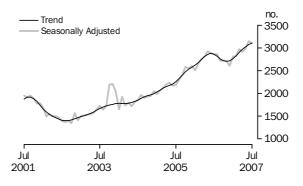
### PURPOSE OF FINANCE (OWNER OCCUPATION) Construction of dwellings

The number of finance commitments for the construction of dwellings for owner occupation (seasonally adjusted) fell 3.3% in July 2007, following a 2.7% increase for June 2007. The trend series fell by 0.1% in July 2007.

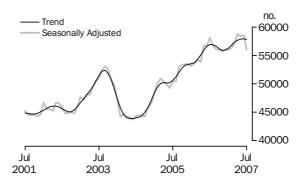


#### Purchase of new dwellings

The number of finance commitments for the purchase of new dwellings for owner occupation (seasonally adjusted) fell by 1.3% in July 2007, following an increase of 5.5% in June 2007. The trend series rose by 1.1% in July 2007, the eighth consecutive monthly increase.

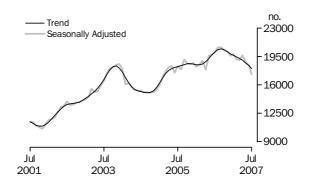


Purchase of established dwellings (including refinancing) The number of finance commitments for the purchase of established dwellings for owner occupation (seasonally adjusted) fell by 4.3% in July 2007, following an increase of 0.4% in June 2007. The trend series decreased by 0.2% in July 2007.



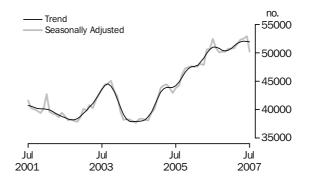
Refinancing

The number of refinancing commitments for owner occupied housing (seasonally adjusted) fell by 5.9% in July 2007 compared with June 2007, following a decrease of 2.5% in June 2007. The trend series fell by 1.9% in July 2007, the tenth consecutive monthly decrease.



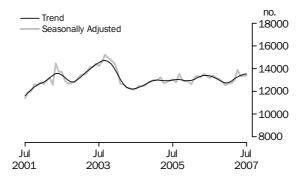
### TYPE OF LENDER (OWNER OCCUPATION) Banks

The number of owner occupied dwellings financed by banks (seasonally adjusted) decreased by 5.1% in July 2007 compared with June 2007, after a 1.0% increase in June 2007. The trend series fell by 0.2% in July 2007.



#### Non-banks

The number of owner occupied dwellings financed by non-banks (seasonally adjusted) increased by 0.1% in July 2007 compared with June 2007, after an increase of 0.2% in June 2007. The trend series increased by 0.3% in July 2007.



### HOUSING LOAN OUTSTANDINGS

At the end of July 2007, the value of outstanding housing loans financed by authorised deposit-taking institutions was \$650,532m, up \$6,195m (1.0%) from the June 2007 closing balance. Owner occupied housing loans increased by \$4,460m (1.0%) to close at \$438,066m, while investment housing loans increased by \$1,735m (0.8%) to reach a closing balance of \$212,466m.

Bank loans increased by \$5,997m (1.0%) during July to a closing stock of \$612,232m. Owner occupied housing loans of banks increased by \$4,294m (1.1%) to \$407,517m while investment housing loans increased \$1,703m (0.8%) to \$204,175m.

#### HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION) (a), By Purpose: Australia

(b) Includes refinancing.

	Construe of dwell		Purchase new dwe		Purchas establis dwelling	hed	Total		Refinan of estab dwelling	lished	Total exe refinanc establisi dwelling	ing of hed
Month	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value
			ORIGINA	L (%	CHANGE	FROM	PREVIOU	S MON	ITH)			
2006												
July	-1.3	-1.5	-5.6	-5.4	-4.2	-3.0	-4.1	-3.0	-4.0	-3.5	-4.1	-2.9
August	7.2	9.9	5.5	3.1	7.8	6.2	7.7	6.3	13.8	11.2	5.0	4.4
September	-13.7	-15.6	-13.1	-13.7	-9.5	-9.2	-9.9	-9.9	-8.6	-8.9	-10.6	-10.4
October	4.0	2.8	-0.7	2.4	2.3	3.5	2.3	3.4	0.5	1.5	3.2	4.2
November	1.0	3.1	7.5	8.8	7.2	7.2	6.8	6.9	4.1	4.1	8.0	8.1
December	-11.8	-12.5	-8.2	-10.5	-12.7	-11.0	-12.4	-11.1	-15.2	-14.6	-11.2	-9.7
2007												
January	-8.3	-8.7	-8.8	-8.9	-11.0	-12.1	-10.7	-11.7	-10.4	-11.0	-10.9	-11.9
February	4.7	5.4	15.2	21.0	10.8	10.9	10.5	11.0	8.7	10.8	11.4	11.1
March	15.1	16.7	19.9	19.7	16.6	19.1	16.6	19.0	10.7	11.3	19.2	21.9
April	-10.7	-13.1	-17.3	-20.0	-10.3	-10.0	-10.6	-10.7	-7.2	-8.9	-12.0	-11.4
May	26.3	33.4	28.7	36.3	19.3	22.4	20.2	23.8	15.3	17.8	22.3	25.9
June	-7.6	-6.2	-6.9	-0.5	-9.8	-5.8	-9.5	-5.6	-11.7	-7.2	-8.7	-5.0
July	1.5	-0.3	-1.0	-6.1	-3.4	-5.1	-2.9	-4.8	-4.1	-6.9	-2.5	-4.2
		SEASO	NALLY A	DJUST	ED (% C	HANGE	FROM P	REVIOU	JS MONI	ΓH)		
2006												
July	2.2	0.3	-1.1	-2.2	2.7	3.0	2.5	2.5	1.3	2.1	3.0	2.7
August	-0.6	1.7	0.5	-0.7	-2.3	-3.4	-2.1	-2.9	3.1	1.7	-4.3	-4.6
September	-2.0	-3.2	-5.4	-6.8	-1.3	-1.4	-1.6	-1.8	—	-1.6	-2.3	-1.9
October	0.8	1.5	0.4	2.5	-0.1	1.8	—	1.8	-1.7	1.7	0.8	1.9
November	-0.2	—	-0.6	1.1	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.9	0.2	—	-0.5
December	0.3	-0.7	-3.7	-6.6	0.5	1.7	0.3	1.1	-2.5	-1.6	1.6	2.2
2007												
January	0.8	2.0	7.6	12.0	-0.1	0.7	0.3	1.3	1.1	2.0	-0.1	1.1
February	-1.9	-1.4	0.5	5.0	0.4	0.9	0.3	1.0	-3.1	-2.6	1.8	2.4
March	1.3	0.6	5.5	3.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	-0.9	-4.2	2.7	3.7
April	-1.3	-0.4	-1.9	-5.4	3.0	4.9	2.5	4.0	3.4	4.5	2.1	3.8
May		2.5	2.1	7.7	-0.8	-1.0	-0.6	-0.4	-4.1	-2.8	0.9	0.5
June	2.7	5.1	5.5	15.6	0.4	7.4	0.8	7.7	-2.5	0.8	2.1	10.0
July	-3.3	-5.8	-1.3	-9.7	-4.3	-7.7	-4.1	-7.7	-5.9	-8.5	-3.4	-7.4
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	TREND	(% C	HANGE F	ROM P	REVIOUS	MONT	•••••••• H)			
2006												
July	0.3	1.5	-0.6	-1.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	2.0	2.0	-0.2	-0.2
August	0.2	1.2	-0.0	-2.4	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	1.3	2.0 1.5	-0.2	-0.2
September		0.7	-2.0	-2.5	-0.5	-0.3	-0.5	-0.3	0.5	0.9	-1.0	-0.8
October	-0.2	0.2	-1.5	-1.4	-0.7	-0.3	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5	0.2	-0.8	-0.5
November	-0.2	-0.1	-0.6	0.3	-0.5	0.2	-0.5	0.2	-1.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.3
December	-0.2	-0.2	0.6	1.5	_	0.7	_	0.7	-1.2	-0.5	0.6	1.1
2007												
January	_	_	1.6	2.7	0.6	1.3	0.6	1.3	-1.1	-0.6	1.4	2.1
February	_	0.4	2.3	3.6	1.0	1.9	1.0	1.8	-0.9	-0.7	1.8	2.8
March	-0.1	0.6	2.5	3.9	0.9	2.0	0.9	2.0	-1.0	-1.0	1.7	3.1
April	-0.1	0.8	2.3	3.8	0.7	1.9	0.7	1.9	-1.3	-1.1	1.5	3.0
May	-0.1	0.8	2.0	3.4	0.3	1.6	0.4	1.7	-1.7	-1.3	1.2	2.7
June		0.7	1.7	3.0	_	1.2	0.1	1.3	-1.8	-1.4	0.9	2.2
July	-0.1	0.5	1.1	2.0	-0.2	0.8	-0.1	0.9	-1.9	-1.4	0.6	1.6
— nil or rounde	• • • • • •			• • • • •		(b)	Includes refir	•••••		• • • • • •		

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(b) Includes refinancing.

(a) Excludes alterations and additions.

Perman building societie	-	Wholesa lenders	
no.	•••••	sm no.	\$r
			ψı
1 708	708 33	33 7 664	1 77
2 209		12 8 778	1 99
1 689		45 7 464	1 69
1 776	776 35	51 7 836	1 88
1 949	949 36	66 8 294	1 94
1 430	430 27	76 6 727	1 58
1 417	417 27	6 079	1 41
1 631	631 33	35 7 132	1 73
1 862	862 37	76 8 579	2 14
1 615	615 32	20 7 530	1 88
2 061	061 43	9 072	2 31
1 626	626 34	44 7 874	2 08
1 907	907 40	0 8 173	2 13
1 732	720 2/	43 7 699	1 73
- • • -			
2 049		79 7 766	1 73
1764		54 7 534	1 70
1 721		37 7 660	1 81
1 759 1 681		36         7 566           27         7 464	175 177
1 001	001 02	21 1404	111
1 711	711 22	30 7 516	184
1 616		35 7 815	1 95
1 616		35 7815 36 8117	2 05
1 768		50     8 117       50     8 412	2 03
			2 08
1 794 1 756		548 048787 712	2 06
1 847		35 7 959	2 04
1011	011 00	1000	2 01
1 840		56 7 781	1 75
1 836		56 7 698	174
1 816		52 7 617	1 73
1 779		45 7 551	174
1 733		37 7 533	177
1 696	696 33	31 7 591	1 82
1677	677 33	30 7 708	1 88
1 681	681 33	35 7 851	1 94
1 703	703 34	44 7 970	2 00
1 730	730 35	54 8 040	2 03
1 761	761 36	64 8 056	2 05
1 791	791 37	74 8 039	2 06
1 816	816 38	32 7 999	2 06
ner	• •		nt Building Societies and Whol

Lenders n.e.c..

							Perman building		Wholesa lenders	ale
	Banks	•••••	Non-ban	ks(b)	Total	•••••	societie	s	n.e.c.	
	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value
	• • • • • •	ORIG	INAL (%	change	from n	revious	month)			
0000		onna		onunge	nom p	1001003	monthy			
2006 July	-3.4	-2.7	-6.5	-4.3	-4.1	-3.0	-4.7	-3.2	-8.0	-6.5
August	-3.4 5.7	-2.7 4.7	-0.5 15.6	-4.3 13.0	-4.1	-3.0	-4.7 29.3	-3.2 23.9	-8.0 14.5	-0.5 12.3
September	-8.7	-9.2	-14.6	-12.7	-9.9	-9.9	-23.5	-16.2	-15.0	-14.9
October	1.8	2.6	4.2	6.7	2.3	3.4	5.2	1.7	5.0	10.9
November	7.5	8.4	4.0	1.3	6.8	6.9	9.7	4.2	5.8	3.1
December	-11.0	-9.6	-17.9	-17.1	-12.4	-11.1	-26.6	-24.6	-18.9	-18.5
2007 January	11.0	-12.0	0.6	-10.2	-10.7	-11.7	-0.9	-1.4	-9.6	-10.7
February	-11.2 9.4	-12.0 8.9	-8.6 15.2	20.2	-10.7	11.0	_0.9 15.1	-1.4 23.2	-9.0 17.3	22.6
March	9.4 16.1	8.9 18.7	13.2	20.2	16.6	19.0	14.2	23.2 12.1	20.3	22.0
April	-10.1	-10.5	-12.2	-11.6	-10.6	-10.7	-13.3	-14.7	-12.2	-12.0
May	-10.3 19.5	23.3	23.1	25.7	20.2	23.8	-13.3 27.6	37.0	20.5	22.6
June	-8.2	-4.0	-14.4	-11.6	-9.5	-5.6	-21.1	-21.6	-13.2	-10.0
July	-4.8	-6.8	4.5	3.2	-2.9	-4.8	17.3	16.3	3.8	2.2
Jany										
••••		• • • • • • • •	•••••			• • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • •		• • • • •
	SEAS	ONALLY	( ADJUST	ED (%	change	from pr	evious	month)		
2006										
July	3.5	3.6	-1.4	-1.9	2.5	2.5	-5.9	-3.5	-1.3	-1.7
August	-3.1	-3.7	-1.4 1.9	-1.9 0.7	2.5 -2.1	2.5 -2.9	-5.9 18.3	-3.5 10.3	0.9	-1.7
September	-3.1 -1.5	-3.7 -1.8	-1.7	-1.6	-2.1	-2.9 -1.8	-13.9	10.3 -6.6	-3.0	-0.3 -1.6
October	0.2	_1.0	-0.7	5.0	-1.0	1.8	-13.5	-0.0 -4.7	-3.0	6.4
November	0.2	0.8	-1.7	-4.4	-0.3	-0.3	2.2	-4.7	-1.2	-3.0
December	1.0	1.7	-2.6	-1.4	0.3	1.1	-4.5	-2.7	-1.4	1.0
2007		1.0	1.0	2.0	0.2	1.3	1.0	0.0	0.7	10
January February	0.2	1.2 0.1	1.2 0.5	2.0 4.5	0.3 0.3	1.3 1.0	1.8 -5.6	0.8 1.5	0.7 4.0	4.0 6.2
March	0.2 1.6	0.1 1.7	0.5 1.4	4.5 1.1	0.3 1.6	1.6	-5.0 3.7	0.3	4.0 3.9	0.2 4.7
April	1.0	3.1	7.4	7.5	2.5	4.0	5.5	0.3 7.3	3.6	1.7
May	0.2	0.1	-3.9	-2.2	-0.6	-0.4	1.5	1.1	-4.3	-1.0
June	1.0	8.5	0.2	4.3	0.8	7.7	-2.1	3.8	-4.2	-0.9
July	-5.1	-8.8	0.1	-3.0	-4.1	-7.7	5.2	1.9	3.2	-1.2
		TRE	ND (% c	hange	from pre	vious n	nonth)			
2006										
July	0.7	0.6	-0.3	-0.1	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.9	-0.8	-0.7
August	—	-0.1	-0.7	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	—	-1.1	-0.7
September	-0.5	-0.3	-0.9	-0.3	-0.5	-0.3	-1.1	-1.1	-1.1	-0.3
October	-0.6	-0.3	-1.3	-0.4	-0.7	-0.3	-2.1	-2.0	-0.9	0.5
November	-0.3	0.2	-1.2	-0.1	-0.5	0.2	-2.6	-2.3	-0.2	1.6
December	0.2	0.7	-0.6	0.5	_	0.7	-2.1	-1.6	0.8	2.7
2007										
January	0.7	1.3	0.2	1.4	0.6	1.3	-1.2	-0.3	1.5	3.4
February	0.9	1.7	1.0	2.3	1.0	1.8	0.3	1.4	1.8	3.4
March	0.8	1.8	1.4	2.7	0.9	2.0	1.3	2.6	1.5	2.8
April	0.5	1.7	1.3	2.6	0.7	1.9	1.6	2.9	0.9	1.9
May	0.2	1.5	1.0	2.1	0.4	1.7	1.8	2.9	0.2	1.0
June	—	1.2	0.6	1.5	0.1	1.3	1.7	2.6	-0.2	0.4
July	-0.2	0.9	0.3	1.0	-0.1	0.9	1.4	2.1	-0.5	-0.1
— nil or rounde	d to zero (i	including n	ull cells)	• • • • • • •	(b) In	cludes Perm	anent Buildi	ng Societie	s and Whole	sale

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(b) Includes Permanent Building Societies and Wholesale Lenders n.e.c..

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.



#### HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION)(a), By State and Territory

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

(b) Sum of states and territories may not equal Australian total (see paragraph 26 in Explanatory Notes).

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(Percentage change)

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
Month	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	•••••					• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		0	RIGINAL (%	change i	rom prev	ious mont	n)		
2006	0.5	0.0	4 7	4.0	5.0	5.0	44.0	4 5	
July	-6.5 7.9	-2.2	-1.7	-4.6	–5.0 5.7	-5.6 12.7	-11.8	4.5	-4.:
August September	-9.5	8.7 –11.3	7.5 –8.7	6.7 -5.4	5.7 -14.5	-2.0	14.8 -15.0	4.1 1.1	7.7 -9.9
October	-9.5 2.2	4.2	-0.7 4.4	-5.4 -0.9	-14.5	-2.0 -7.7	-15.0	7.9	-9.
November	11.2	3.3	6.7	9.3	2.6	8.1	-4.3	3.7	6.8
December	-18.1	-8.4	-13.4	-12.3	-5.2	-5.9	0.6	-19.0	-12.4
2007									
January	-13.4	-11.8	-6.0	-10.6	-9.8	-12.9	-19.7	-16.2	-10.
February	13.1	4.8	14.7	16.2	4.0	7.8	6.3	22.0	10.
March	22.2	14.5	14.7	15.4	11.2	15.2	25.5	30.8	16.0
April	-11.5	-7.3	-13.3	-14.8	-4.5	-9.9	-21.2	-21.8	-10.0
May	21.3	23.9	17.1	19.8	15.1	28.2	20.3	32.7	20.2
June	-9.7	-11.4	-9.4	-10.8	-4.2	-14.3	-6.2	-14.1	-9.9
July	-3.6	-3.1	-2.7	-3.7	-1.6	-2.9	-4.3	3.9	-2.9
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •								
	:	SEASONA	LLY ADJUS	STED (% c	hange fro	m previou	s month)		
2006									
July	0.2	2.9	3.5	1.2	-0.7	2.5	-1.8	6.8	2.
August	0.4	-1.6	-3.1	-0.7	-3.7	-0.9	3.2	-0.6	-2.
September	-2.1	-0.7	-0.2	1.5	-2.2	4.5	-13.6	2.8	-1.
October	1.6	-0.8	0.9	-3.9	-4.2	-7.0	-0.4	5.1	-
November	1.0	-0.7	—	-0.6	-3.6	1.3	-9.0	-1.2	-0.3
December	-3.6	1.0	3.5	1.1	3.9	0.5	3.6	-3.5	0.3
2007									
January	2.3	0.8	-0.4	1.4	-2.8	-1.3	-2.3	-7.4	0.
February	1.6	1.6	1.5	3.4	-0.7	-1.0	-8.4	9.4	0.
March	0.8	-0.1	1.5	-1.0	2.3		8.6	17.6	1.
April	3.1	1.3	2.3	2.3	5.3	4.4	-5.4	-10.5	2.
May	-3.2	0.8	0.7	0.2	-4.1	6.8	2.1	4.8	-0.0
June	-0.1	0.7	-1.1	-0.1	3.7	-0.3	1.4	1.1	0.8
lukz.	2 5	60	10		2.0		0.6	1 2	A ·
July	-2.5	-6.0	-4.0	-6.9	-2.9	-1.7	0.6	-1.3	-4.:
July	-2.5			-6.9		-1.7		-1.3	-4.:
	-2.5		-4.0 TREND (%	-6.9		-1.7		-1.3	-4.
2006			TREND (%	-6.9 change fro	om previo	-1.7 us month)			
2 2 <b>006</b> July	0.4	1.0	TREND (% 0.9	-6.9 change fro 0.7	om previo -1.4	-1.7 us month) 	-2.9	3.7	0.1
2 <b>006</b> July August	0.4 -0.1	1.0 0.3	TREND (% 0.9 0.5	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1	-1.4 -2.2	-1.7 us month) 	-2.9 -3.4	3.7 3.3	0. -0.
2006 July August September	0.4 -0.1 -0.3	1.0 0.3 –0.3	0.9 0.5 0.2	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7	-1.7 us month) 	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0	3.7 3.3 2.0	0. -0. -0.
2006 July August September October	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5	0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8	0. -0. -0. -0.
2006 July August September October November	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3	0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4 -1.0	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8 -0.1	0. -0. -0. -0. -0.
2006 July August September October November December	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5	0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8	0. -0. -0. -0. -0.
2006 July August September October November December 2007	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2	0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4 -1.0 -1.1	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8 -0.1 0.2	0.  -0. -0.  -0. -0.
2006 July August September October November December 2007 January	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3 0.7	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2 0.7	TREND (% 0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1 1.5	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3 1.1	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1 -0.1	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4 -1.0 -1.1 -0.4	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5 -2.4	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8 -0.1 0.2 1.2	0.1 -0. -0. -0. -0.
2006 July August September October November December 2007 January February	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3 0.7 0.9	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2 0.7 1.0	TREND (% 0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1 1.5 1.6	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3 1.1 1.4	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1 -0.1 0.8	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4 -1.0 -1.1 -0.4 0.7	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5 -2.4 -1.1	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8 -0.1 0.2 1.2 2.1	0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -1.
2006 July August September October November December 2007 January February March	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3 0.7 0.9 0.7	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2 0.7 1.0 0.8	TREND (% 0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.2	-6.9 change fro 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3 1.1 1.4 1.2	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1 -0.1 0.8 1.1	-1.7 us month) 	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5 -2.4 -1.1 -0.4	3.7 3.3 2.0 0.8 -0.1 0.2 1.2 2.1 2.6	0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -1. 0. 1. 0.
2006 July August September October November December 2007 January February March April	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3 0.7 0.9 0.7 0.4	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.5	TREND (% 0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.2 0.7	-6.9 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3 1.1 1.4 1.2 0.5	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1 -0.1 0.8 1.1 1.0	-1.7 us month) 	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5 -2.4 -1.1 -0.4 -0.1	$3.7 \\ 3.3 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.8 \\ -0.1 \\ 0.2 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.1 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.5 \\ 1.2$	0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -1. 0. 1. 0. 0.
2006 July August September October November December 2007 January February March April May	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3 0.7 0.9 0.7 0.4 	1.0 0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.5 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.2 0.7 0.3	-6.9 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3 1.1 1.4 1.2 0.5 -0.1	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1 -0.1 0.8 1.1 1.0 0.8	-1.7 us month)  0.3 0.1 -0.4 -1.0 -1.1 -0.4 0.7 1.7 2.1 2.1	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5 -2.4 -1.1 -0.4 -0.1 0.2	$3.7 \\ 3.3 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.8 \\ -0.1 \\ 0.2 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.1 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 1.8 \\ 1.8 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.8 \\ 1.8 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.8$	0.4 -0.3 -0.9 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
2006 July August September October November December 2007 January February March April	0.4 -0.1 -0.3 -0.3 -0.1 0.3 0.7 0.9 0.7 0.4	1.0 0.3 -0.3 -0.5 -0.3 0.2 0.7 1.0 0.8 0.5	TREND (% 0.9 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.5 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.2 0.7	-6.9 0.7 -0.1 -0.5 -0.7 -0.3 0.3 1.1 1.4 1.2 0.5	-1.4 -2.2 -2.7 -2.8 -2.1 -1.1 -0.1 0.8 1.1 1.0	-1.7 us month) 	-2.9 -3.4 -4.0 -4.4 -4.2 -3.5 -2.4 -1.1 -0.4 -0.1	$3.7 \\ 3.3 \\ 2.0 \\ 0.8 \\ -0.1 \\ 0.2 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.1 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.5 \\ 1.2$	0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -0. -

#### HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION)(a), By State and Territory

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

(b) Sum of states and territories may not equal Australian total (see paragraph 26 in Explanatory Notes).

#### Stock: Australia—Original

Month	Commitments excluding refinancing of established dwellings(a) \$m	Refinancing of established dwellings \$m	Alterations and additions \$m	<b>Total</b> \$m	Commitments advanced during month \$m	Commitments cancelled during month \$m	Commitments not advanced at end of month(b) \$m
	••••	•	•	•	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	•
2006		• • • • • • • • • •					
July	10 251	3 989	475	14 715	12 381	1 436	26 590
August	10 704	4 437	501	15 642	13 309	1 682	27 242
September	9 594	4 042	446	14 082	12 238	1 622	27 727
October	9 997	4 103	475	14 574	12 206	1 405	28 694
November	10 806	4 272	499	15 576	13 103	1 564	29 630
December	9 753	3 648	438	13 839	12 961	1 542	28 966
2007							
January	8 590	3 247	387	12 223	10 848	1 516	28 831
February	9 542	3 596	439	13 577	10 543	1 358	30 507
March	11 631	4 002	494	16 127	12 986	1 793	31 855
April	10 307	3 648	430	14 384	12 016	1 780	32 504
May	12 979	4 297	528	17 804	14 644	1 883	33 787
June	12 329	3 988	477	16 793	14 953	1 697	33 931
July	11 816	3 711	426	15 953	13 426	1 793	34 668

(a) Excluding alterations and additions.

(b) This figure sometimes reflects a rebasing of the data by one or more lenders, without adjustment to earlier periods' commitments advanced or cancelled. HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION)(a), First Home Buyers and Fixed

#### Rate Loans: Australia, Original

	FIRST HOM	IE BUYERS		FIXED RAT	E LOANS OR LONGER)	ALL DWELLINGS FINANCED	
		% of all			% of all		
	Dwellings	dwellings	Average	Dwellings	dwellings	Average	Average
	financed	financed	loan size	financed	financed	loan size	loan size
Month	no.	%	\$'000	no.	%	\$'000	\$'000
• • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • •			
2006							
July	10 668	16.6	227.5	10 218	15.9	230.0	221.3
August	10 922	15.8	223.9	13 798	19.9	234.9	218.6
September	10 659	17.1	226.8	10 808	17.3	227.1	218.6
October	11 130	17.4	226.1	10 618	16.6	226.7	220.9
November	11 679	17.1	225.1	14 300	21.0	231.5	221.3
December	10 335	17.3	228.6	12 160	20.4	233.0	224.6
2007							
January	9 296	17.5	226.8	10 748	20.2	232.6	222.3
February	10 202	17.3	228.4	11 834	20.1	232.7	223.2
March	11 381	16.6	232.1	12 482	18.2	237.1	227.7
April	10 544	17.2	228.7	12 270	20.0	238.3	227.5
May	12 278	16.6	238.5	12 847	17.4	241.0	234.3
June	11 144	16.7	246.6	11 364	17.0	248.7	244.6
July	11 239	17.4	247.8	9 604	14.8	248.6	239.7
(a) Evoludos alt	orations and	additiona		(b) In	oludoo rofino	noind	

(a) Excludes alterations and additions.

(b) Includes refinancing.

	Construction of dwellings	Purchase of new dwellings	Purchase of established dwellings(b)	Total	Refinancing of established dwellings	Total excluding refinancing
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •	
		NUM	IBER			
New South Wales	864	877	17 090	18 831	4 977	13 854
Victoria	1 179	816	12 384	14 379	4 369	10 010
Queensland	1 471	683	12 669	14 823	3 774	11 049
South Australia	372	265	4 496	5 133	1 195	3 938
Western Australia	802	407	7 758	8 967	2 896	6 071
Tasmania	97	32	1 094	1 223	337	886
Northern Territory	39	26	424	489	103	386
Australian Capital Territory	41	70	817	928	181	747
Total	4 865	3 176	56 732	64 773	17 832	46 941
		VALUE	E (\$M)			
New South Wales	224	272	4 414	4 910	1 154	3 757
Victoria	276	203	2 859	3 337	885	2 452
Queensland	383	183	3 025	3 591	810	2 781
South Australia	85	57	851	993	206	787
Western Australia	190	121	1 839	2 150	542	1 608
Tasmania	19	6	184	208	51	157
Northern Territory	11	6	91	107	21	86
Australian Capital Territory	11	18	201	230	42	188
Total	1 198	866	13 463	15 527	3 711	11 816
	AVERA	AGE LOAN	N SIZE (\$'O	00)		
New South Wales	259.7	310.3	258.3	260.8	231.8	271.2
Victoria	234.1	248.4	230.8	232.1	202.6	245.0
Queensland	260.0	268.0	238.8	242.2	214.6	251.7
South Australia	227.8	214.1	189.3	193.4	172.4	199.8
Western Australia	236.7	298.4	237.0	239.8	187.2	264.8
Tasmania	190.9	178.5	168.4	170.4	152.1	177.4
Northern Territory	271.4	227.4	214.3	219.6	204.2	223.7
Australian Capital Territory	272.9	257.3	245.7	247.8	230.2	252.0
Total	246.2	272.6	237.3	239.7	208.1	251.7
	-1141		(h) he shudes			

(a) Excludes alterations and additions.

(b) Includes refinancing.



HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION AND INVESTMENT HOUSING)(a),

#### By Purpose: Australia

OWNER OCCUPATION (SECURED FINANCE)

INVESTMENT HOUSING(b)

TOTAL

	Construction of dwellings	Purchase of new dwellings	Refinancing of established dwellings	Purchase of other established dwellings	Construction of dwellings for rent or resale	Purchase of dwellings by individuals for rent or resale	Purchase of dwellings by others for rent or resale	dwell finar
onth	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	
• • • • • • • • •				ORIGINAL				
006				0				
July	1 143	726	3 989	8 383	643	4 842	439	20 1
August	1 256	748	4 437	8 700	500	5 211	454	21 3
September	1 061	645	4 042	7 888	580	4 418	598	19 2
October	1 091	661	4 103	8 245	371	4 469	409	19 3
November	1 124	720	4 272	8 962	396	4 911	613	20 9
December	984	644	3 648	8 126	792	4 388	651	19 2
07								
	000	E07	2 0 4 7	7 105	210	4 1 1 0	EE1	10
January February	898 947	587 710	3 247 3 596	7 105 7 885	318 432	4 110 4 678	551 881	16 3 19 3
March	1 105	850	3 596 4 002	9 676	432 650	4 678 5 594	483	22 3
April	960	680	4 002 3 648	9 676 8 667	264	5 594 5 098	483 503	19
May	960 1 280	927	3 648 4 297	10 772	264 489	5 098 6 588	733	25
June	1 280	927 922	4 297 3 988	10 772	489 759	7 090	1 467	25
July	1 198	922 866	3 988	9 752	353	7 090 5 915	1 199	23
July	1 190	000	5711	9752	333	5 915	1 199	22
			SEAS	SONALLY ADJU	JSTED			
06								
July	1 080	718	3 961	8 644	706	4 984	399	20
August	1 098	713	4 028	8 152	480	4 905	463	19
September	1 063	665	3 963	8 049	527	4 411	613	19
October	1 079	682	4 031	8 199	415	4 624	447	19
November	1 079	689	4 038	8 141	413	4 620	580	19
December	1 072	643	3 975	8 411	656	4 639	584	19
07								
January	1 093	721	4 052	8 419	492	4 959	692	20
February	1078	757	3 947	8 642	469	5 206	980	21
March	1 084	782	3 782	9 000	512	5 298	484	20
April	1079	740	3 953	9 458	336	5 533	590	21
May	1 106	797	3 843	9 428	487	5 805	741	22
June	1 163	921	3 872	10 380	503	6 347	1 149	24
July	1 096	832	3 542	9 617	430	5 997	1 024	22
				TREND				
06				o o= :				
July	1 059	721	3 927	8 351	507	5 000	475	20
August	1 072	704	3 984	8 283	503	4 859	476	19
September	1 079	686	4 020	8 210	508	4 708	496	19
October	1 082	677	4 030	8 169	516	4 613	540	19
November	1 080	679	4 022	8 199	518	4 618	593	19
December	1 078	689	4 004	8 301	514	4 721	632	19
07								
January	1078	708	3 981	8 489	505	4 901	654	20
February	1 082	733	3 952	8 749	492	5 126	674	20
March	1 089	762	3 914	9 038	473	5 367	706	21
April	1 098	790	3 870	9 330	456	5 603	755	21
May	1 107	817	3 820	9 593	448	5 821	823	22
-	1 115	841	3 768	9 811	444	6 010	902	22
June	1 115	858	3 714	9 980				

HOUSING LOAN OUTSTANDING TO HOUSEHOLDS (OWNER OCCUPATION AND INVESTMENT HOUSING)

		Permanent		Total Authorised Deposit-taking			
		Building	Credit	Institutions	Securitisation	Other	
	Banks(a)	Societies(a)	Co-operatives(a)	(ADIs)(a)	Vehicles(b)	Lenders(b)	Tot
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$
•••••	• • • • • • • • •	••••••	WNER-OCCUPIE			• • • • • • • • • • •	
2006		C					
July	374 459	9 193	18 954	402 606	na	na	n
August	378 217	9 323	19 128	406 668	na	na	n
September	380 718	9 181	19 339	409 238	na	na	r
October	383 765	9 300	19 551	412 616	na	na	r
November	388 819	9 423	19 740	417 982	na	na	r
December	393 727	9 544	19 751	423 022	na	na	r
2007							
January	398 004	9 673	19 854	427 531	na	na	r
February	396 364	9 720	19 969	426 053	na	na	r
March	398 943	9 545	20 076	428 564	na	na	r
April	402 983	9 659	20 208	432 850	na	na	r
May	397 027	9 837	20 395	427 259	na	na	r
June	403 223	9 826	20 557	433 606	na	na	r
July	407 517	9 913	20 636	438 066	na	na	r
• • • • • • • • • • •		•••••				•••••	
			INVESTMENT	HOUSING			
006							
July	189 208	3 418	3 318	195 944	na	na	I
August	190 888	3 434	3 347	197 669	na	na	r
September	191 031	3 197	3 380	197 608	na	na	r
October	192 112	3 238	3 421	198 771	na	na	r
November	193 553	3 261	3 449	200 263	na	na	r
December	195 109	3 238	3 487	201 834	na	na	r
2007							
January	196 755	3 323	3 508	203 586	na	na	1
February	196 293	3 337	3 566	203 196	na	na	1
March	198 023	3 776	3 725	205 524	na	na	r
April	199 690	3 791	3 746	207 227	na	na	1
May	198 189	3 829	3 809	205 827	na	na	r
June	203 012	3 871	3 848	210 731	na	na	r
July	204 715	3 893	3 858	212 466	na	na	r
•••••	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •				••••	
		1	ALL RESIDENTIA	IL HOUSING			
2006							
July	563 667	12 611	22 272	598 550	na	na	r
August	569 105	12 757	22 475	604 337	na	na	1
September	571 749	12 378	22 719	606 846	169 064	18 402	794 3:
October	575 877	12 538	22 972	611 387	na	na	r
November December	582 372 588 836	12 684 12 782	23 189 23 238	618 245 624 856	na 172 876	na 18 822	ا 816 5!
	000 000	12 102	20 200	024 000	112 010	10 022	310.0
2007	504 750	10.000	00.000	604 447		~~~	
January	594 759 592 657	12 996 12 057	23 362	631 117	na	na	r ·
February	592 657	13 057	23 535	629 249	na 170.464	na 18 260	ا ۵۵۱ ۵۰۹
March April	596 966 602 672	13 321 13 450	23 801	634 088	179 464	18 360	831 9
	602 673 595 216	13 450 13 666	23 954 24 204	640 077 633 086	na	na	I
	050 / 10	T3 000	Z4 Z04	033 086	na	na	1
May June	606 235	13 697	24 405	644 337	203 650	18 104	866 09

na not available(a) Source APRA.

(b) Source ABS quarterly collections.

#### EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON TREND ESTIMATES

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

Readers should exercise care when interpreting the trend estimates of recent months because they will be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. For further information, see paragraphs 29 and 30 in the Explanatory Notes.

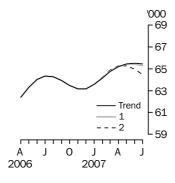
The graph below presents the effect of two possible scenarios on the trend estimates:

1 The August 2007 seasonally adjusted estimate of the number of dwelling commitments is higher than the July 2007 seasonally adjusted estimate by 2.4%.

2 The August 2007 seasonally adjusted estimate of the number of dwelling commitments is lower than the July 2007 seasonally adjusted estimate by 2.4%.

The percentage change of 2.4% was chosen because the average absolute percentage change of the seasonally adjusted series, based on the last 10 years of data, has been 2.4%.

#### NUMBER OF OWNER OCCUPIED DWELLING FINANCE COMMITMENTS



				NEXT MON	TH'S STED ESTIMAT	TE:
	Trend as		(1) rises b	y 2.4%	(2) falls by	/ 2.4%
	published	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	on this mo		on this mo	
	no.	% change	no.	% change	no.	% change
January 2007	63 556	0.6	63 555	0.6	63 555	0.6
February 2007	64 165	1.0	64 171	1.0	64 230	1.1
March 2007	64 750	0.9	64 768	0.9	64 872	1.0
April 2007	65 188	0.7	65 198	0.7	65 250	0.6
May 2007	65 432	0.4	65 403	0.3	65 266	_
June 2007	65 497	0.1	65 414	_	64 962	-0.5
July 2007	65 427	-0.1	65 310	-0.2	64 458	-0.8

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION	<b>1</b> This publication presents statistics of housing finance commitments made by significant lenders. This includes secured finance commitments for the construction or purchase of owner occupied dwellings and finance commitments for the construction or purchase of dwellings for rent or resale (investment housing). Also included are the outstanding values of housing loan assets to individuals held by lenders at the end of each reference month.
SCOPE	<ul> <li>2 Finance commitments made by the following types of lenders are included:</li> <li>Banks</li> <li>Permanent building societies</li> <li>Credit unions/cooperative credit societies</li> <li>Life or general insurance companies</li> <li>General government enterprises</li> <li>Superannuation funds</li> <li>Securitisers of mortgage assets (wholesale lenders) which provide funds to borrowers through a retail intermediary (e.g. mortgage originators)</li> <li>Other Registered Financial Corporations (RFCs).</li> </ul>
	<b>3</b> All lending commitments are classified to the lender type which is (or will be) the legal lender on the corresponding loan contract. Commitments are published for two broad groupings of lender type: Banks and Non-Banks; the Non-Bank grouping also has the components Permanent Building Societies and Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. published.
	<b>4</b> Housing loan outstandings are classified to the following lender types: Banks; Permanent Building societies; Credit unions/cooperative credit societies; Securitisation vehicles; and Other lenders n.e.c The first three of these types are components of the grouping Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions (ADIs). Loan outstanding for the ADI lender types are published monthly, and are classified by purpose (owner occupied housing or investment housing). All other institutions, including securitisation vehicles, are only available on a quarterly basis. The release of loan outstandings data for those lenders reporting on a quarterly basis will be lagged by one month – for example March outstandings for securitisation vehicles and other lenders n.e.c. will be released from the April publication onwards.
COVERAGE	<b>5</b> The statistics of housing finance commitments cover all banks and permanent building societies. The largest of the remaining lenders of secured housing finance for owner occupation are included so that, together with banks and building societies, at least 95% of the Australian total of finance commitments is covered, and at least 90% of each state total is covered. While many smaller contributors to the Non-Banks series are excluded under these coverage criteria, at least 70% of finance commitments by wholesale contributors are covered.
	<b>6</b> An annual collection is conducted to maintain and update the survey coverage of housing finance commitments. New lenders are included as their lending for housing becomes sufficiently large.
	<b>7</b> From June 2001, the collection of housing finance commitments covers all commitments by banks and permanent building societies, all other lenders providing funds of more than \$50m in 2000, and some additional smaller other lenders where necessary to maintain collection coverage (as specified in paragraph 5).
	<b>8</b> The statistics of housing loan outstandings cover all lenders included in the scope of paragraph 2 that have been identified as holding residential loan assets on their balance sheet as at the end of a particular reference month.

SOURCES

REVISIONS

**9** For banks, credit cooperatives, building societies and RFCs, the statistics in this publication are currently derived from returns submitted to the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA). The *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001* facilitates the collection of statistical data from the financial sector, with APRA established as the central point for collection of both prudential and statistical data. In October 2001, APRA implemented new reporting forms for building societies and credit cooperatives. New reporting forms were implemented for banks in March 2002, and for RFCs in March 2003. APRA commenced collecting loan commitments data from banks, credit cooperatives, building societies in July 2002 and from RFCs in March 2003.

**10** Housing finance commitments for owner occupied housing from banks, building societies and credit cooperatives are derived from form *ARF 392.0 Housing Finance* collected by APRA. Housing finance commitments for investor housing from these lenders are sourced from the *ARF 394.0 Personal Finance*. Housing finance commitments for RFCs are collected on the *RRF 392.0 Housing Finance* and *RRF 394.0 Personal Finance* for owner occupied housing and investor housing respectively.

**11** Statistics on loan outstandings in table 12 are sourced from banks on form ARF 320.0 Statement of Financial Position (Domestic Books), with lending by building societies and credit cooperatives derived from form *ARF 323.0: Statement of Financial Position (Licensed ADI).* While building societies and credit cooperatives with total assets greater than or equal to \$50 million are required to report this APRA return on a monthly basis, those institutions with total assets less than this threshold are only required to submit this return on a quarterly basis. An undercoverage adjustment is made in deriving table 12 in the two months between the last month in the quarter to derive estimates for the complete population on a monthly basis.

**12** Electronic versions of the forms and instructions for ADIs are available on the APRA web site at

<http://www.apra.gov.au/Statistics/Revised-Authorised-Deposit-taking-Institution-ADI-re porting-requirements.cfm>. For RFCs, these are available at: <http://www.apra.gov.au/rfc/>.

**13** All other institutions, including securitisation vehicles, are collected directly by the ABS. Data on loan outstandings to households for housing purposes for these lender types are only available on a quarterly basis. The data for Other lenders n.e.c. is compiled from a range of other data sources collected by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

**14** Revisions to previously published statistics are included in the publication as they occur.

**15** Changes in the classification of lenders (e.g. the conversion of a permanent building society to a bank) are reflected in the Lender series from the month of such change. Data for earlier periods for such lenders are not reclassified. Details of the establishment of new banks are published in the Reserve Bank of Australia's monthly *Bulletin* in the section on Technical Notes to Tables.

WHOLESALE LENDERS**16** A wholesale lender provides funds to borrowers through a retail intermediary which<br/>may then also be responsible for the ongoing relationship with the borrower.

**17** The Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. series almost exclusively comprises securitisation vehicles (typically special purpose trusts), established to issue mortgage backed securities. It excludes commitments where a bank or permanent building society, acting as a wholesale provider of funds, is the lender on the loan contract. Those commitments are published as bank or permanent building society commitments.

#### WHOLESALE LENDERS continued

**18** From July 1995 to July 2000, mortgage managers reported housing finance commitments on behalf of wholesale lenders. The introduction of wholesale lenders as the reporting unit does not change the scope of the collection, but has increased its coverage. This, along with the reclassification of some lending activity, increased the level of the Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. series for owner occupied housing by \$249m in July 2000.

**19** Wholesale lenders contribute to the Non-Banks series for owner occupied housing, which is seasonally adjusted in table 3. A trend break was added to the Non-Banks series, shifting the trend up by 1,579 commitments and \$178m in July 2000. Revisions related to the introduction of wholesale lenders also resulted in a downward shift in the Banks' trend for owner occupied housing of 1,256 commitments and \$167m. Consequential breaks in the finance purpose trend series for owner occupied housing at July 2000 were:

- construction finance trend shifted down 16 commitments (\$3m)
- new dwelling finance trend shifted up 26 commitments (\$1m)
- established dwelling finance trend shifted up 313 commitments (\$13m)
- refinancing trend shifted up 177 commitments (\$17m)
- total finance trend shifted up 323 commitments (\$11m).

**20** Because of difficulties experienced by Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. in accurately identifying first home buyers in their commitments, these data are not used in estimating first home buyer commitments (table 9). Instead, from July 2000, the percentage of first home buyer commitments made by all banks and permanent building societies is applied to total Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. commitments to calculate their contribution to the First Home Buyers series. As a result, first home buyer commitments were revised upwards by 0.8 percentage points in July 2000.

**21** An article on the introduction of the Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. series (including implications for the First Home Buyers series) featured in the October 2000 issue of this publication. A copy of the article is available from the contact person listed on the front of the publication.

### **SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT 22** Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal

seasonal variation and 'trading day effects'. A 'trading day effect' reflects the varying amounts of activity on different days of the week and the different number of days of the week in any month (i.e. the number of Sundays, Mondays, etc.). This effect may be partly caused by the reporting practices of the lenders. Adjustment is also made for Easter which may affect the March and April estimates differently. Trading day effects are removed from the original estimates prior to the seasonal adjustment process. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the effect of irregular or non-seasonal influences (e.g. a change in interest rates) from the series.

**23** Over the period from early 1990 to April 1995, four of the major banks changed from reporting for the four or five weeks ending on the last Wednesday of each month to reporting on a calendar month basis. The published seasonally adjusted data take account of this change in pattern.

**24** Rapid change in the financial sector, and particularly developments in the provision of housing finance, may cause changes in the seasonal and trading day patterns of the housing finance data. Examples include changes in the classification of financial institutions (particularly the reclassification of non-bank financial institutions to banks) and the increased use of mortgage securitisation.

**25** Estimation of seasonal adjustment and trading day factors that reflect the full effect of recent developments is not possible until a sufficient number of years of data have been collected. When changes are occurring in the seasonal patterns, larger revisions to the seasonally adjusted series can be expected at the time of the annual seasonal re-analysis. Accordingly, the trend estimate data provide a more reliable indicator of

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT	underlying movement in housing finance commitments. (See paragraphs 29 and 30 for further information on trend estimates).
	<b>26</b> State component series have been seasonally adjusted independently of the Australian series. The sum of the state components is therefore unlikely to equal the corresponding Australian total. State component series are also affected by the changes mentioned in paragraphs 22 to 25.
	<b>27</b> The housing finance series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the seasonal adjustment factors. This means that original estimates available at the current reference month are used to estimate seasonal factors for the current and previous months. As a result of this methodology, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for earlier periods can be revised each month. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the previous month and the same month a year ago.
	<b>28</b> The best seasonally adjusted estimates are achieved only some years after corresponding original estimates have been released. However, this does not satisfy the demand for timely seasonally adjusted estimates. The ABS advises users that while every effort is made to achieve the highest possible quality of seasonally adjusted estimates, given the available original estimates and preset publication deadlines, revisions to these seasonally adjusted estimates are inevitable and generally indicate improvements to those estimates. The use of the concurrent seasonal adjustment approach means that revisions, and therefore quality improvements, are identified earlier than under the previously used forward factor method. Under the concurrent approach, revisions are made up to one year earlier than under the forward factor approach.
TREND ESTIMATES	<b>29</b> Smoothing seasonally adjusted series reduces the impact of the irregular component of the seasonally adjusted series and creates trend estimates. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all but the last six months of the respective seasonally adjusted series. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. For further information, refer to <i>Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series—Monitoring Trends: An Overview</i> (cat. no. 1349.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra (02) 6252 6345 or by email at <timeseries@abs.gov.au>.</timeseries@abs.gov.au>
	<b>30</b> While the smoothing technique described in paragraph 29 enables trend estimates to be produced for the latest few months, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates as new data become available. Generally, revisions become smaller over time and, after three months, usually have a negligible impact on the series. Changes in the original data and re-estimation of seasonal factors may also lead to revisions to the trend.
EFFECTS OF ROUNDING	<b>31</b> Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Percentage changes and averages presented in the commentary are based on unrounded data and may differ slightly from percentage changes and averages calculated from the rounded data presented in the tables in this publication.
ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST	<b>32</b> Estimates for months prior to those shown in this publication and more detailed series are available in spreadsheet format from the ABS web site – see listing on pages 3 and 4. For more information, contact the ABS National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.
RELATED PRODUCTS	<b>33</b> Other ABS publications which may be of interest are outlined below. Please note, older publications may no longer be available through ABS bookshops but are available through ABS libraries. All publications released from 1998 onwards are available on the ABS web site <http: www.abs.gov.au="">:</http:>

RELATED PRODUCTS continued

- Lending Finance, Australia (cat. no. 5671.0) issued monthly
- Assets and Liabilities of Australian Securitisers (cat. no. 5232.0.55.001) issued quarterly
- Buildings Approvals, Australia (cat. no. 8731.0) issued monthly
- Dwelling Unit Commencements, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 8750.0) issued quarterly.

**34** Quarterly data prior to the March 2002 for housing loan outstandings by type of lending institution are available as a priced special data report related to the *Australian National Accounts: Financial Accounts* (cat. no. 5232.0). Inquiries regarding this special data report should be made to the contact on the front cover of this publication.

**35** In addition, the Reserve Bank of Australia produces the monthly *Reserve Bank of Australia Bulletin* as well as data on its web site. *Bulletin* tables D1 & D2 contain statistics on lending and credit aggregates (including the housing credit aggregate), which contain lending and credit to the private non-financial sector. Table D5 Bank Lending Classified by Sector contains statistics on lending to persons for the purpose of housing, also classified by owner-occupiers and investors with statistics available from January 1990.

**36** Residential lending by building societies and credit cooperatives is also published in *Bulletin* tables B7 and B8. These statistics are also sourced from APRA collected data, although this will differ to statistics in table 12 of this publication since the *Bulletin* tables only include data for building societies and credit cooperatives with total assets greater than or equal to \$50 million. *Bulletin* table B.19 Securitisation Vehicles contains outstandings information for mortgage held, which includes both residential and non-residential mortgages.

**37** Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (cat. no. 1101.0). The *Catalogue* is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site <a href="http://www.abs.gov.au">http://www.abs.gov.au</a>. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

### GLOSSARY

Alterations and additions	Alterations and additions cover all structural and non-structural changes which are integral to the functional and structural design of a dwelling. Examples are garages, carports, pergolas, reroofing, recladding, etc. Alterations and additions do not include swimming pools, ongoing repairs, or maintenance and home improvements which do not involve building work.
Average loan	The Average Loan series is calculated as follows: <u>Total value of lending commitments per month</u> <u>Total number of dwellings financed per month</u>
	The Average Loan series does not necessarily represent the average loan size per dwelling. For instance, the average separately reflects first and second mortgages, committed in separate months, which apply to the same dwelling.
Commitment	A lending commitment is a firm offer of housing finance. It either has been, or is normally expected to be, accepted. Included are commitments to provide housing finance to employees and commitments accepted and cancelled in the same month.
Commitments not advanced	Commitments not advanced at the end of the month are calculated as follows:
	Balance of unadvanced commitments at the end of the previous month
	+ Total new housing commitments (including refinancing)
	+ Alterations and additions
	= Total commitments
	- Cancellations of commitments
	– Commitments advanced during the month
	= Commitments not advanced at the end of the month
Commitment value	The commitment value for a contract of sale is the dwelling's sale value less any deposit.
Construction of dwellings	Construction of dwellings represents commitments made to individuals to finance, by way of progress payments, the construction of owner occupied dwellings.
Dwelling	A dwelling is a single self-contained place of residence such as a detached or semidetached house, a terrace house, a flat, home unit, town house, etc.
Dwellings units	Dwelling units refer to the number of single self-contained residences for which commitments have been made, either on the security of first mortgage or on contract of sale.
Established dwelling	An established dwelling is one which has been completed for 12 months or more prior to the lodgement of a loan application, or which has been previously occupied.
First home buyers	First home buyers are persons entering the home ownership market for the first time.
Fixed loans	<ul> <li>Generally involve:</li> <li>a commitment for a fixed amount for a fixed period for a specific purpose</li> <li>a schedule of repayments over a fixed period and</li> <li>repayments which reduce the liability of the borrower but do not act to make further finance available.</li> </ul>
Fixed rate loan	Fixed rate loans have a set interest rate which cannot be varied, either upward or downward, for a minimum period of two years. Capped loans are not categorised as fixed rate loans because their interest rate can vary within a two year period.
Housing Loan Outstandings	The value of outstanding housing loans to Australian households as at a particular point in time (for statistics in this publication this refers to the end of the reference month). A loan is a defined as an asset of a lending institution, which is not evidenced by the issuing of a security by the borrower.
New dwelling	A new dwelling is one that has been completed within 12 months of the lodgement of a loan application, and the borrower will be the first occupant.

ABS  $\cdot$  Housing finance  $\cdot$  5609.0  $\cdot$  Jul 2007  $\qquad 27$ 

### **GLOSSARY** continued

Other lenders n.e.c.	Comprises all lenders that are not banks, permanent building societies, credit cooperatives or securitisation vehicles. Includes life or general insurance companies, superannuation funds, government housing schemes, housing cooperatives, registered financial corporations and other financial institutions.
Refinancing	For investment housing finance, it represents a commitment to refinance an existing loan. For secured housing finance for owner occupation, only those loans where the refinancing lender is not the original lender and the security is unchanged are included. The refinancing of a loan to fund a change of residence is treated as a new lending commitment.
Revolving credit	<ul> <li>Generally has the following characteristics:</li> <li>a commitment for a credit or borrowing limit is given for a specific period after which the commitment is reviewed</li> <li>the extent of the borrowing used at any time during the period may be for any amount up to the authorised limit; and</li> <li>repayments (other than of charges and interest) made during the period reduce the extent of the borrowing used and thereby increase the amount of unused credit available up to the authorised limit. Examples include credit cards, lines of credit and approved overdrafts.</li> </ul>
Secured housing finance	This is all secured commitments to individuals for the construction or purchase of dwellings for owner occupation, regardless of type of security. Commitments for dwellings that will be occupied by persons other than the owner(s) are excluded.
Securitisation vehicle	Special purpose vehicles (generally trusts) that issue mortgage backed securities, which are debt securities secured by specific pools of mortgages and repaid from the cash flows (principal and interest payments) of the specific mortgage pool.
Self-contained	The dwelling includes bathing and cooking facilities.
Wholesale lenders	A wholesale lender provides funds to borrowers through a retail intermediary which may then also be responsible for the ongoing relationship with the borrower. The Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. (not elsewhere classified) series almost exclusively comprises securitisation vehicles (typically special purpose trusts) established to issue mortgage backed securities. It excludes funds provided where a bank or permanent building society, acting as a wholesale provider of funds, remains the lender on the contract. Those commitments are published as bank or permanent building society commitments.

## FOR MORE INFORMATION .

INTERNET	<b>www.abs.gov.au</b> the ABS website is the best place for data from our publications and information about the ABS.
LIBRARY	A range of ABS publications are available from public and tertiary libraries Australia wide. Contact your nearest library to determine whether it has the ABS statistics you require, or visit our website for a list of libraries.

### INFORMATION AND REFERRAL SERVICE

	Our consultants can help you access the full range of information published by the ABS that is available free of charge from our website, or purchase a hard copy publication. Information tailored to your needs can also be requested as a 'user pays' service. Specialists are on hand to help you with analytical or methodological advice.
PHONE	1300 135 070
EMAIL	client.services@abs.gov.au
FAX	1300 135 211
POST	Client Services, ABS, GPO Box 796, Sydney NSW 2001

### FREE ACCESS TO STATISTICS

All statistics on the ABS website can be downloaded free of charge.

WEB ADDRESS www.abs.gov.au



RRP \$25.00

© Commonwealth of Australia 2007 Produced by the Australian Bureau of Statistics